



Ensuring a Sustainable and Resilient Water Supply

11/18/2025

Joseph Hollmann, PhD

SRWA President

Brownsville Public Utilities Board Board Member



About BPUB

Provides Brownsville and surrounding area with electric, water, and wastewater services.

4-time American Public Power Association designation, Public Power Provider (RP3). The national award is for reliable electric operations which recognizes public power utilities that demonstrate proficiency in four key disciplines: reliability, safety, workforce development, and system improvement.

OPERATING REVENUES FOR FY 2024:

• Electric: \$175,332,512 | Water: \$39,461,604 | Wastewater: \$31,424,566

PAYMENTS BY CATEGORY TO THE CITY OF BROWNSVILLE FY 2024:

- **Services:** \$4,085,779 Payments for various services BPUB provided to the City, including street patching, landfill fees, COB street project utility improvements, and other services.
- General Fund Transfers (GFT): \$11,393,548
- COB Utilities Consumption: \$6,089,411



Brownsville Public Utilities Board Administrative Headquarters 1425 Robinhood Drive, Brownsville, TX.



BPUB Governance

Board of Directors (7 Members): Six members appointed by City Commission for 4-year terms, Mayor serves as ex-officio.

Position	Board Member	Residing District	Term	Term Expires	Appointed By
Position 1	Gerardo Martinez - Chair	District 1	1 st	7/1/2027	Bryan Martinez
Position 2	Al Villarreal - Vice Chair	District 2	2 nd	7/1/2028	Linda Macias
Position 3	Martin Sarkis	District 3	1 st	7/1/2029	Gustavo De Leon
Position 4	Alex Najera	District 4	1 st	7/1/2027	Pedro Cardenas
Position 5	Joseph L. Hollmann, PhD - SRWA President	At Large A	1 st	7/1/2026	John F. Cowen
Position 6	Daisy Zamora, PhD - Secretary/Treasurer	At Large B	1 st	7/1/2027	Rose Gowen
Position 7	John F. Cowen (Ex-officio)	Mayor	1 st	May 2027	Elected

BPUB Customer Base & Infrastructure



Electric System:

- 53K customers
- 67.95 sq mi
- 15 substations across 67.95 sq mi service area
- Energy Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT) membership
- Generation: Silas Ray (115 MW), Hidalgo Energy Center (105 MW), Sendero Wind Farm (78 MW)
- Power Purchase Agreements: Combined Generation
 Wind: 34 MW | Natural gas: 23 MW

Water System:

- 54K customers
- 148.28 sq mi
- 3 storage tanks, 2 water sources
- 50 MGD capacity across 148.28 sq mi
- Rio Grande surface water: WTP No. 1 (20 MGD), WTP No. 2 (20 MGD)
- Brackish groundwater: SRWA (7.5 MGD production, 10 MGD capacity, 92.91% ownership of SRWA plant)

Wastewater System:

- 55K customers
- 156.5 sq mi
- 2 treatment plants, 177 lift stations
- 27.3 MGD capacity across 156.5 sq mi
- South WWTP (12.8 MGD), Robindale WWTP (14.5 MGD)



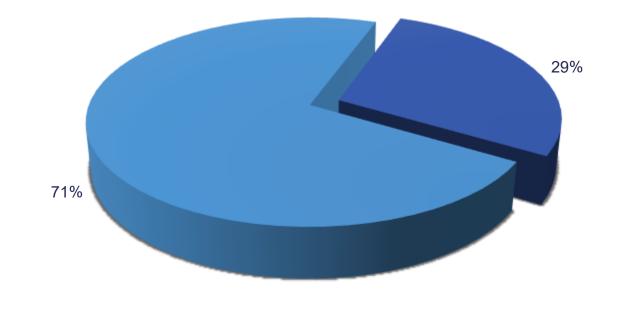
Brownsville Public Water Supply



FY2024 AVERAGE WATER DEMAND:

21.2

Million Gallons/Day (MGD)



■ Groundwater (SRWA)

■ Rio Grande Supplied Surface Water Plants

Current Environmental Conditions

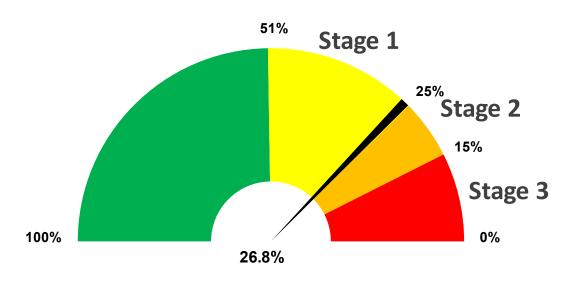


National Weather Service Outlook - Lower Rio Grande Valley/Deep South Texas Region

October to December 2025:

- Normal to warmer than normal temperatures are expected to persist through Autumn 2025.
- Precipitation odds/trends will begin dropping across much of the region.
- The odds for drought/dryness expanding over deep south Texas through December are increasing.
- The combined share of water in Amistad and Falcon should continue at or below Stage 2 and 3 triggers (25% or less) until further notice.

BPUB Drought Stage Meter



U.S. Combined ownership at Amistad and Falcon Reservoirs October 25, 2025 = 26.8%

*Water reservoir levels is only one of the indicators for drought stage.



% U.S. Combined Ownership at Amistad/Falcon

Previous 3 Readings

27.0%

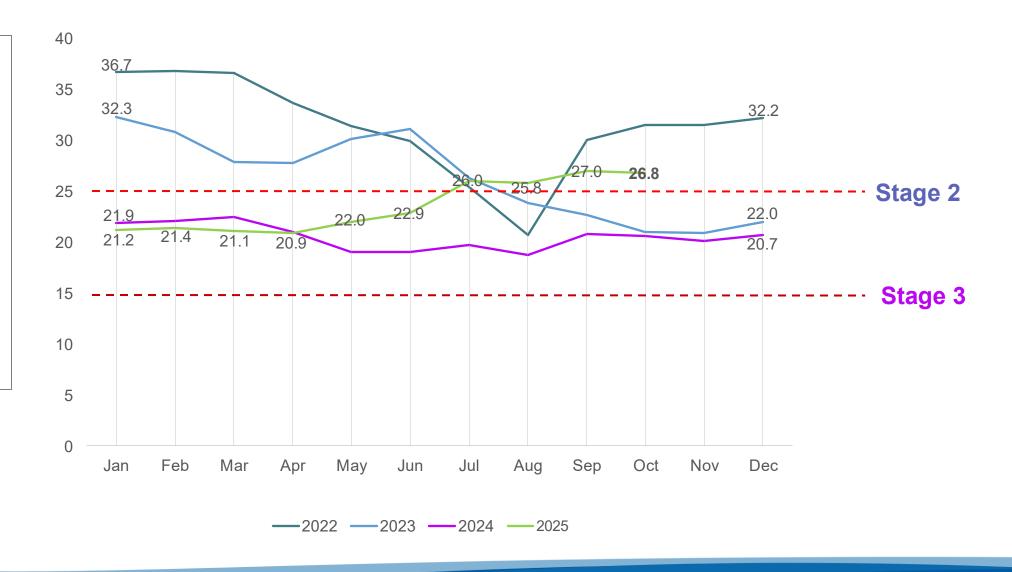
October 18, 2025

26.9%

October 11, 2025

26.9%

October 4, 2025





Drought Contingency Plan Stage 2 Guidelines for initiation

- U.S. water stored in reservoirs reaches 25%
- Annual allotment may be exhausted*
- Loss of capability to provide service due to line break, pump failure or system failure
- Peak demands are nearing capacity levels and place strain on the system
- Contamination of water supply or transmission system may result in loss of capability to provide service

*ANNUAL ALLOTMENT USAGE:

Water Rights owned 31,965

acre-feet

Water rights used in 2024

~59.5%

of ownership

Water rights used in previous 5yrs

~62.3%

of ownership

Surplus Water Rights owned (Permit 1838)

> 40,000 acre-feet

Surplus water rights used in 2024 Water rights used in previous 2yrs

~2.1%

of ownership

~2.2%

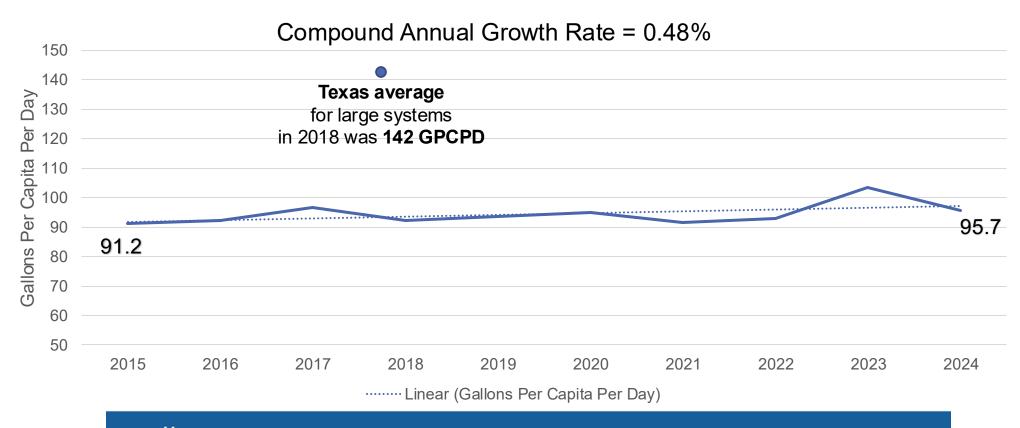
of ownership





10-Year History Gallons Per Capita Per Day

BPUB customers consume less water than the average Texan



BPUB is projected to reach 80% of water capacity by 2038, which under TCEQ rules requires planning new plants or expansions to meet demand. By year 2045, BPUB would not be able to meet the required production capacity. — BPUB Water Master Plan , PROURING A SUSTAINABLE AND RESILIENT WATER SUPPLY



SRWA History & Governance

- Created in 1981 as a conservation and reclamation district to develop water supply strategies for regional partners in Southern Cameron County.
- The Authority was organized pursuant to Article XVI, Section
 59 of the Texas Constitution.
- Governance structure requires each member to send representation. For Brownsville, the BPUB Board appoints one of its board members
- The President of SRWA is a BPUB Board member

SRWA remained largely inactive after its initial creation until 2000, when it was reactivated to address long-term regional water supply issues in the Southern Cameron County.

Key Milestones:

- 2000 Feasibility
- **2004** Plant becomes operational
- 2013 Pretreatment and expansion design
- **2015** Start-up

SRWA's governance structure advances a regional approach by aligning multiple jurisdictions within Brownsville and its surrounding areas to collaboratively address shared water needs and infrastructure planning.

SRWA Membership

BROWNSVILLE PUBLIC UTILITIES BOARD (Owner/Operator)

92.91%

CITY OF LOS FRESNOS

2.28%

TOWN OF INDIAN LAKE

2.20%

VALLEY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 2

2.51%

BROWNSVILLE NAVIGATION DISTRICT

2.10%

Laguna Madre Water District

0.0%



Brackish Desalination Facility

FACILITY OVERVIEW:

Production: 7.5 MGD

Current Capacity: 10 MGD

 Status: Texas's 3rd largest groundwater desalination plant, largest south of San Antonio

OPTIMIZATION PLAN.....*\$42.44M:

- Reconstruction of 20 wells
- Construction of 2 new wells
- Upgrade and increase the capacity of the microfiltration system
- Upgrade the reverse osmosis system
- Upgrade electrical and instrumentation systems
- Improve chemical dosing and storage systems

Location: 1255 N. FM 511, Brownsville, TX



Annual conservation of approximately 11,200 acre-feet of surface water away from the Rio Grande





A regional approach to regional water needs.

^{*}Cost estimates as of Sept. 2024



SRWA Water Treatment Process

WATER SOURCE:

- Twenty brackish groundwater production wells, approximately 200 to 300 feet below ground level, tap into the Rio Grande Alluvium within the Gulf Coast Aquifer.
- The pilot study in the Brownsville Ship Chanel had a total dissolved solids (TDS) concentration at a range of 34,400 to 17,800 mg/L, with an average of 29,800. Which on average is 10 times saltier than SRWA raw water intake.

RAW WATER CHARACTERISTICS:

- Local brackish aquifer with 3,000 mg/L TDS
- Challenge: Natural occurring metals cause membrane fouling and reduced their efficiency.

SRWA's production wellfield is located west of Rancho Viejo, TX in Cameron County.



Hydrologist have identified the water available from the Alluvium is abundant, enough water to meet the growing community needs for the state of Texas.



Brine Management

ADDITIONAL BENEFITS OF SURFACE WATER DISCHARGE:

- TCEQ permit allows discharge to Cameron County
 Drainage Ditch, which then drains to San Martin Lake
 and into the Gulf.
- SRWA discharge is 37% of the salinity of the Gulf Coast, causing no adverse effects. The discharge is environmentally friendly, reducing the hyper-salinity of the San Martin Lake.
- The concentrate's lower salinity (9,000 mg/L) dilutes the Bahia Grande's hypersaline conditions (47,000-87,000 mg/L), potentially creating conditions more suitable for marine organisms like fish, shrimp, and crabs.

Gamboa, Yaneth Parra. "Characterization of Desalination Plant Concentrate Discharge Impacts on Water Quality in a Texas Coastal Area." Master's thesis, Texas A&M University-Kingsville, August 2007.



Future Expansion Plans



HOW DOES THE EXPANSION FIT INTO FUTURE NEEDS?

- The 2025 BPUB Water and Wastewater Master Plan identified SRWA expansion needs projected in the 20-year horizon, SRWA expansion is needed by 2045.
- The Board is prioritizing projects to minimize rate impact
- Other projects with lower cost produce more water and are considered a new water supply (indirect potable reuse).
- Texas Senate Bill 7 (signed June 2025) established the
 Texas Water Fund with up to \$1 billion annually for water
 infrastructure, directly enabling BPUB to secure \$47.2
 million in state funding for the Banco Morales Reservoir
 (\$34.5M) and Potable Water Reuse Project (\$12.7M) to
 diversify water sources and enhance drought resilience.

EXPANSION PROJECT.....*\$181M:

- Construct 20 new wells, a raw water transmission line, an intermediate pump station and additional reverse osmosis trains
- Expand and enhance the pretreatment system
- Install and upgrade of the pumps and ancillary equipment
- Upgrade electrical and instrumentation systems
- Install a new backup generation

SRWA DESALINATION EXPANSION AND OPTIMIZATION

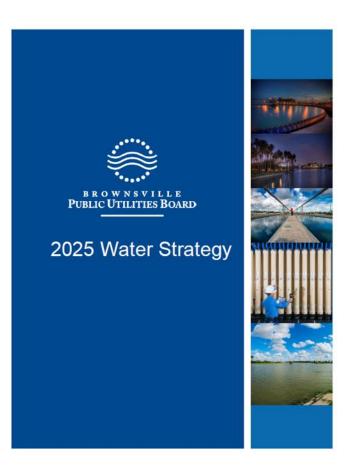
- \$223 million optimization and expansion project to double capacity to 20 MGD
- Currently seeking funding for optimization and expansion
- Critical for long-term regional water security

^{*}Cost estimates as of Sept. 2024



Strategic Solutions

KEY INVESTMENT PRIORITIES IN 2025 WATER STRATEGY



- Intended to address how BPUB will meet the challenges of ensuring a sustainable, resilient, and affordable water supply for our community.
- Creates a strategic framework to help prioritize resources and guide decision-making.
- Designed to be a "living document" that is a part of our overall strategic planning process.

INFRASTRUCTURE MODERNIZATION:

- \$36.2 million investment in river pump replacement and intake relocation.
- Advanced Meter Infrastructure implementation beginning March 2025.
- Enhanced water usage monitoring and operational efficiency.

POLICY ADVOCACY:

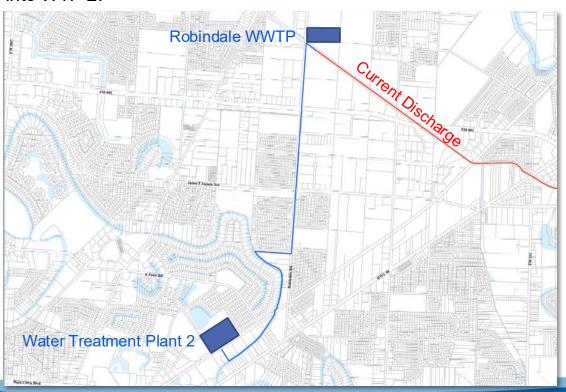
- Lobby for water allocation under 1944 water treaty.
- Secure rightful water resources for regional needs.
- Ensure priority of water rights allocations and maintain ownership of invested water rights.



Indirect Potable Re-use (IPR) Pilot Project

KEY INVESTMENT PRIORITIES IN 2025 WATER STRATEGY CONTINUED

Indirect Potable Reuse project will increase water supply reliability and drought resilience by treating wastewater effluent to potable reuse standards to augment and partially replace raw water supply into WTP 2.



- Robindale Wastewater Treatment Plant currently discharges 8 MGD of unused effluent discharge, which flows via a channel to the Gulf via San Martin Lake.
- BPUB is analyzing the opportunity to divert the water to Resaca De La Guerra to augment as a raw water supply.
- Water Treatment Plant 2 can source water from Resaca De La Guerra and treat it to potable water standards.
- An engineering firm has been retained to assist with planning, permitting, and grant applications for the US Bureau of Reclamation (USBR) Drought Response Program.

Total Project Cost: \$35 million

BPUB Cost-Share: \$17.3 million

Texas House Bill Appropriation: \$12.7 million

USACE - WRDA EI Program: \$5 million

Banco Morales Reservoir Surplus Water Impoundment Project



KEY INVESTMENT PRIORITIES IN 2025 WATER STRATEGY CONTINUED

- 2002 Feasibility Study estimated \$26M for construction.
 In 2025 BPUB conducted advocacy work with the Texas Legislature and secured \$34.5 million in state funding.
- Current off-channel storage capacity is 186.6 million gallons, and the proposed project will add an additional 400 million gallons of storage capacity.
- Located between the International Boundary and Water Commission (IBWC) levee system and Brownsville's city levee, adjacent to Water Treatment Plant 1.
- Greater Brownsville Incentives Corporation (GBIC) could benefit by receiving the fill material (dirt) from Banco Morales at no cost, paying only transportation expenses to fill low-lying areas of the FM 511 site for the future Industrial Park expansion.



Contact Information



JOSEPH HOLLMANN, PHD PRESIDENT SRWA, BPUB BOARD MEMBER

Questions?





Brownsville Public Utilities Board:
Brownsville-pub.com

Southmost Regional Water Authority: <u>srwadesal.com</u>